

Chapter 2

Additional Controlled Substances

EMERGENCY RULES ARE NO LONGER IN EFFECT 120 DAYS AFTER FILING WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Section 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of these rules is to add, delete, and reschedule controlled substances in the Wyoming Controlled Substances Act of 1971. Some changes will be made to similarly control a substance in response to the publication of a final order in the Federal Register designating that substance as a controlled substance under federal law. Other changes will be made at the discretion of the Wyoming Attorney General, in his capacity as the Commissioner of Drugs and Substances Control, with the advice of the Advisory Board on Drugs and Substances Control.

Section 2. **Authority.** The Commissioner of Drugs and Substances Control's rulemaking authority is found at Wyoming Statute § 35-7-1011(a) and (d), which allow the Commissioner to add, delete, and reschedule substances to the control schedules pursuant to the procedures of the Wyoming Administrative Procedure Act.

Section 3. **Additional Controlled Substances.** The Commissioner of Drugs and Substances Control, acting with the advice of the Advisory Board on Drugs and Substances Control, adds the following substances to Schedule I:

- (a) Synthetic opioid: 4-chloro-N-[1-[2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethyl]-2-piperidinylidene]-benzenesulfonamide, commonly known as W-18;
- (b) Synthetic opioid: trans-3,4-dichloro-N-[2-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methyl-benzamide, commonly known as U-47700;
- (c) Synthetic opioid: *para*-fluorobutyryl fentanyl, commonly known as p-FBF;
- (d) Synthetic cannabinoid: [Methyl 2-({1-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl}amino)-3-methylbutanoate], commonly known as FUB-AMB